Rationality and Objectivity Tara Smith

IN MORE DETAIL:

- I. Introduction
 - A. Examples of assault on rationality and objectivity
 - B. Popular images of rationality and objectivity
 - C. Philosophical images of rationality and objectivity
- II. Rationality: Theory
 - A. What rationality is
 - 1. Contrast with prominent alternatives to reason (authority, faith, emotion, consensus, bigotry, astrology, tradition, drifting)
 - 2. Lesson: what reason is
 - 3. Means of knowledge
 - 4. Instrumentalist conception incomplete
 - 5. Importance of purposes and context
 - B. Why be rational?
 - 1. A question-begging question?
 - 2. Answer; conditions creating need for reason
 - 3. The rationality of one's ends
 - 4. Exemptions? areas in which one should not proceed by guidance of reason?
 - 5. Contradictions

III. Rationality: Practice

- A. Survey various forms of irrationality
 - 1. Rationalization ("vlogic")
 - 2. Self-deception
 - 3. Base-tagging
 - 4. Purposes
 - a) Incompatible goals;
 - b) Hazy goals;
 - c) Misprioritizing
 - 5. Context-dropping
 - a) Compartmentalization;
 - b) Irrational perfectionism
 - 6. Emotionalism

OPTIONAL:

- 7. Indulging the arbitrary
- 8. Misrepresenting the alternatives

- B. Rationality's requirements
 - 1. Effort
 - 2. Time
 - 3. Being scientific (openness to evidence, accuracy, thoroughness)
 - 4. Integration
 - 5. Identification ("namer;" valid concepts)
 - 6. Virtues: honesty, independence

IV. Objectivity: Theory

- A. What objectivity is
 - 1. Examples
 - 2. Lesson
 - 3. Dictionary definitions
 - 4. Objectivism: The Philosophy of Ayn Rand
 - 5. Relationship between rationality and objectivity
- B. Why be objective
 - 1. Address contention that objectivity is impossible
 - ("can't shed your skin," "all claims are theory-laden")
 - 2. Can you prove objectivity?
 - 3. Why objectivity is appropriate
- V. Objectivity: Practice
 - A. Survey various forms of non-objectivity
 - What objectivity is not: (another person's shoes; God's eye perspective; neutral, value-free; infallibility)
 - 2. Chameleon-itis
 - 3. Good-guy syndrome
 - 4. Misprioritizing
 - 5. Impatience
 - 6. Selective attention
 - 7. Improper indulgence of preconceptions
 - 8. Eternally open mind
 - 9. Groundless second-guessing

OPTIONAL:

- 10. Confusion concerning burden of proof
- B. Objectivity's requirements
 - 1. Clear and valid goals
 - 2. Whole-hearted commitment
 - 3. Independence